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January 25, 2005

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Certified by

Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual Property and Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

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PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c).

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		INVENTOR	R(S)					
Given Name (first and mid	ldle [if any])	Family Name or Surname		(City and	Residence (City and either State or Foreign Country)			
Vijay K. Song-Hua		Mahant Ke		Murrieta, CA San Diego, CA				
Additional inventors are be				umbered sheets at	tached h	ereto	880 F	
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METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FILING FEES FOR THIS PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT X Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. A check or money order is enclosed to cover the filing fees. X The Director is hereby authorized to charge filing fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account Number: 502191 Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.								
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SIGNATURE .	yes.	REGISTRATION NO. 46697 (If appropriate) Docket Number: 100788.0022PRO			_			
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TELEPHONE 714-641-5100 USE ONLY FOR FILING A PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.51. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 8 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop Provisional Application, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

PTO/SB/17 (10-03)

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X Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27

Signature

Examiner Name

Art Unit

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$) 80.00 Attorney Docket No. 100788.0022PRO										
METHOD OF PAYMENT (check all that apply)				FEE CALCULATION (continued)						
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SUBMITTED BY (Complete (if applicable)										
Name (Print/Type)	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent) 46697			697	Telephone 714-641-5100					
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BIOCHIP CONFIGURATIONS AND METHODS

Field of The Invention

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Analytic devices and methods, particularly as they relate to analytic devices and methods using biochips.

Background of The Invention

Thousands of clinical tests are available for routine check-ups, diagnosis of conditions and diseases, and many physicians rely heavily on the test results to establish a diagnosis and/or treatment plan. Consequently, accuracy and reliability of such methods are of paramount importance.

In numerous cases, calibration materials and controls are used as tools to assess accuracy and precision of test results, and typically provide at least some information once a test protocol has been executed. Recently, an active quality process control program for continuous control of an analytic process with real-time automated error detection/correction, and documentation of corrective actions was introduced (iQMTM on the GEM®Premier 3000). Such systems are often reliable and provide accurate error reports, however, are typically difficult to integrate into microarray-based assays. One of the major challenges in almost all microarray-based test systems is the relatively strong variance of the system due to poor spotting quality, imprecise micromovements of motors or mechanical parts for scanning, and fluctuations in power, light sources and/or detectors (e.g., PMT).

Moreover, and especially where microarray systems are employed for nucleic acid analysis, relatively expensive reagents and pre-amplification steps are often required to obtain a reliable and quantifiable result from a test sample. For example, a number of primer extension methodologies are known (see below) in the art, and are typically performed as single nucleotide primer extension. However, such methods generally require expensive detectable dye-labeled terminators such as acylo- or dideoxy nucleotides, and often need to be performed with preamplified material.

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Attorney Reference No.: 100788.0022PRO

Therefore, although there are numerous diagnostic devices and methods known in the art, there is still a need to provide improved biochip configurations and methods for analytic and diagnostic devices.

Detailed Description

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The inventors discovered that numerous assays can be performed on a biochip with increased accuracy and simplicity using a biochip that includes a capture probe having an intrinsic reference marker, and or using a capture probe that serves as a substrate in a non-restricting enzymatic assay. While it is generally contemplated that the configurations and methods according to the inventive subject matter may be implemented with any biochip, particularly preferred biochips are those described in our co-pending patent applications with the serial numbers 10/346879 (filed 1/17/03) and 10/433766 (filed 10/10/03), both of which are incorporated by reference herein.

Tagged Capture Probes

In one particularly preferred aspect of the inventive subject matter, a capture probe is tagged with a fluorophore, chemiluminophore, or otherwise detectable label, and the capture probe is immobilized in a predetermined position on the biochip. Thus, especially contemplated capture probes include antibodies, antigens, or nucleic acids (e.g., DNA or RNA oligos). Typically, the capture is immobilized on a solid-phase (e.g., glass, plastic or a membrane) or on/in a matrix.

It should be especially appreciated that the tagged capture probes can be used as internal quality control to check the quality and dimensions of the spots. Moreover, the tagged probes can also be exploited to design assays based on ratio determination. For example, in a sandwich immunoassay, the capture antibody can be tagged with the Cy3 dye while the reporter antibody is tagged with the Cy5 dye.

Therefore, an exemplary method of quantitative and/or qualitative analysis may include a step of tagging a capture probe with a detectable label. In another step, the tagged capture probe is immobilized on a biochip in a predetermined position (e.g., on a solid-phase). In yet another step, unlabeled or labeled sample and/or a reporter probe is added to the tagged capture probe,

and hybridization or incubation of the sample is performed with the tagged capture probe and/or in the presence of the reporter probe. In still a further step, the labels of the tagged probes (and the reporter probes) are detected and quantified using suitable technologies (e.g., chemically, spectroscopically, or electrochemically).

In further especially preferred aspects, the label (*i.e.*, the tag) is at least one of a fluorophore, a chemiluminophore, and an electroactive group, while the tagged capture probe is preferably an antibody, an antigen, or an oligonucleotide. Where reporter probes are employed, the reporter probe is advantageously an antibody, an antigen, or an oligonucleotide. Of course, it should be recognized that depending on the chemical nature of the tag and/or the capture probe, the tag can be covalently or non-covalently coupled to the probe. Furthermore, it should be appreciated that the tag on the tagged capture probe can be used during spotting for positional control, and/or control of the amount deposited onto the biochip. during spotting.

For additional control (e.g., bleaching, quenching, identification, etc.) an additional tag can be immobilized without capture probe onto the biochip. Moreover, the tag on the capture probe may also be employed for quality control and ratio determination in an assay. Most preferably, spot morphology of the spot can be determined (e.g., dimension of the spot).

Solid-Phase Primer Extension

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The present inventive subject matter also relates to methods and reagents for determining the presence of a specific nucleotide in a specific position based on a microarray polynucleotide primer extension. In especially preferred aspects of such methods and reagents, the microarray polynucleotide primer extension does not require the use of dye-labeled chain terminators (e.g., acylo-, or dideoxy nucleotides.

Primer extension as practiced herein is a result of polymerization of the complimentary deoxynucleotide and a detectable deoxynucleotide, and is not limited to the complimentary first base but proceeds up to the length of the available target and then terminates automatically. The primer extension based labeling without the use of terminators is an efficient way to label nucleic acids using microarray or solid-phase based technologies. Target specific hybridization is performed to achieve assay specificity.

Exemplary Protocol for on-chip non-limiting Primer Extension:

- (1) Prepare a DNA chip with specific capture oligonucleotides as shown in Figure 1.
- (2) Hybridize the immobilized capture oligonucleotides with 60 ul of hybridization solution (2.5 X SSC, 0.2% Tween 20, 12.5 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 30 % Formamide) containing CFTR template DNA and CB control DNA at 37 degree Celsius for 45 minutes.
- (3) After removing the hybridization solution, wash the chip with 100 ul of 1X SSC, 0.2% SDS one times and 0.5 X SSC solution twice at room temperature.
- (4) Apply primer extension solution 50 ul onto the chip and incubate at 37 degree for 30 min. (Primer extension solution: 0.5 uM of each dATP, dTTP and dGTP, 0.5 uM of Cy5 labeled dCTP, 1 unit of Therminator DNA polymerase and 1x reaction buffer).
- (5) Remove the reaction mixture, and wash the chip three times with 100 ul of 10 mM Tris HCl, 0.2 % Tween 20.
- (6) Excite the chip with lasers for Cy3 and Cy5 dyes and detect emission fluorescence with a photomultiplier tube (PMT). The result using On-Chip Labeling using Primer Extension with Cy5 dCTPis shown in Figure 2.

Therefore, a method for determining a specific nucleotide at one or more location in a target nucleic acid may include one step in which a single stranded target nucleic acid is provided. In another step, the target nucleic acid is hybridized with a primer complimentary to the target nucleic acid, wherein the 3'-end of the primer binds to nucleotides flanking the specific nucleotides at sites in the target nucleic acid. In still another step, the hybridized nucleic acid is exposed to a polymerase in a mixture containing at least one deoxynucleotide and one or more labeled deoxynucleotide.

In preferred aspects, the target nucleic acid is obtained from a human, animal, virus, bacteria, plant, or fungus (most preferably from a living specimen), and the above described method is used for determination of specific nucleotide in predetermined position, species

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identification, identification of diseases, predisposition to genetic diseases, fingerprinting, and/or pharmacogenomics.

Particularly preferred method will typically not require amplification of the target nucleic acid, but amplification is not excluded (e.g., via polymerase chain reaction, LCR, etc. using thermostable polymerase, ligase, or Klenow fragment.). The reaction mixture comprises at least one deoxynuleotides and a deoxynuleotide that is labeled for detection, and it is required that the primer hybridizes to the target single stranded nucleic acid. Detection is typically performed using fluorescence, chemiluminescence, colorimetrically, electrically or combination thereof (thus, the deoxynucleotide is labeled with fluorophore, chemiluminophore, enzyme, radioactive or biotin, digoxin, or an electroactive label). Of course, it should be recognized that multiple fluorescent dyes can be used (e.g., for determining a homozygote or a heterozygote, or for performing complex/multiplex analysis). Labeled or unlabeled deoxynuleotides can be used sequentially or simultaneously.

The following references (each of which is incorporated by reference herein) are provided to reflect the level of general knowledge in the art. Basic Planning for Quality (Westgard QC, Inc.: 7614 Gray Fox Trail, Madison WI 53717). Basic QC Practices, Second Edition (Westgard QC, Inc.: 7614 Gray Fox Trail, Madison WI 53717), and U.S. Pat. Nos. 5846710, 6498012, 6503718, 6013431, 6479242, 5726015, 6355433, 6511803, and 6503718.

Thus, specific embodiments and applications of improved biochip configurations and methods have been disclosed. It should be apparent, however, to those skilled in the art that many more modifications besides those already described are possible without departing from the inventive concepts herein. The inventive subject matter, therefore, is not to be restricted except in the spirit of the present disclosure. Moreover, in interpreting the specification, all terms should be interpreted in the broadest possible manner consistent with the context. In particular, the terms "comprises" and "comprising" should be interpreted as referring to elements, components, or steps in a non-exclusive manner, indicating that the referenced elements, components, or steps may be present, or utilized, or combined with other elements, components, or steps that are not expressly referenced.

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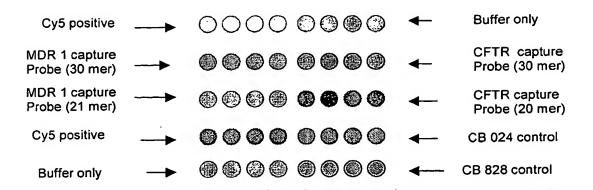


Figure 1

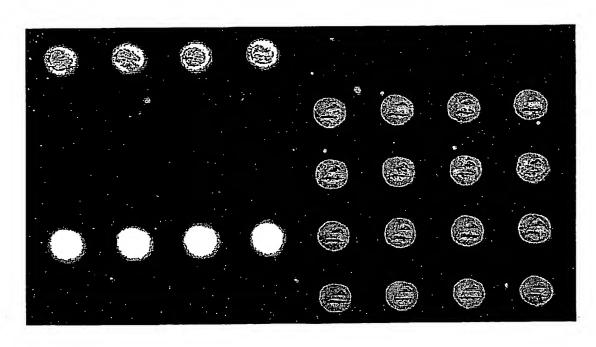


Figure 2

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